



**Transforming  
health and social care**  
in Kent and Medway



# **HOSPITAL CARE**

## **What do we want and how will we judge if it's right?**

***Dr Peter Maskell, Medical Director,  
Maidstone and Tunbridge Wells NHS  
Trust***

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# Our challenges

## 1. Emergency care

- how quickly and easily patients ‘move’ through the hospital system

## 2. Staffing

- ability to attract, recruit and retain high calibre staff
- need to staff services safely

## 3. Planned care

- impact of waits on patient experience

## 4. Discharge of medically-fit patients

- we know people do better outside of hospital once they are over their ‘acute episode’
- impacts approx 120 patients in our hospitals at any one time

## 5. Finance



# Early thinking, our approach

1

Population served

Lots of work to model data and share learning across organisations, clinical workshops, and testing ideas.

2

Case for change

3

Current delivery model

Significant consolidation has already happened in west Kent – new hospital opened at Tunbridge Wells 5 years ago.

4

Proposed delivery model

5

Patient flows, service alignments

Stroke review already established cross sector collaboration, lots of involvement across Kent and Medway.

6

Engagement throughout

Firm proposals emerging in east Kent.



# We want to deliver

- More **care in your local area**, preventing or speeding up hospital stays
- **Hospital** sites able to concentrate on what they do best, less pressure, more capacity to improve **quality**
- **Specialist**, expert care when you need it
- **Mental health** a part of everything we all do

**In short, better personal care**



# What happens now, it's early but...

We need to develop **evaluation criteria** that we can apply to any proposals so we can get from a long list of options to a short list of options. There are three types of criteria:

**1: Fixed points** - what things can't we change?

**2: Hurdle criteria** – for example, could patients access services? Would it meet national clinical standards? Could we afford it? Could we staff it?

**3: Final evaluation** - compare final proposals in terms of quality of care for all, access to care for all, affordability and value for money, workforce and deliverability.



# Fixed points

## The things we won't change:

- The major trauma centre is designated at Kings
- The Private Finance Initiative hospitals in Kent and Medway - Darent Valley Hospital, Tunbridge Wells Hospital at Pembury and Gravesend Community Hospital.



# Hurdle criteria

- Simple criteria usually with a yes/no answer
- Proposed criteria are:
  - Is it **clinically sustainable**? (Does it deliver the quality standards, will the workforce be available?)
  - Is it **financially sustainable**? (Likely to be around the amount of capital we can afford)
  - Is it **accessible**? (Currently peak car travel of no more than one hour to access urgent care)
  - Is it **implementable**? (Will it deliver in five years?)
  - Is it a **strategic fit**? (Are there any decisions already in place that we should keep?)

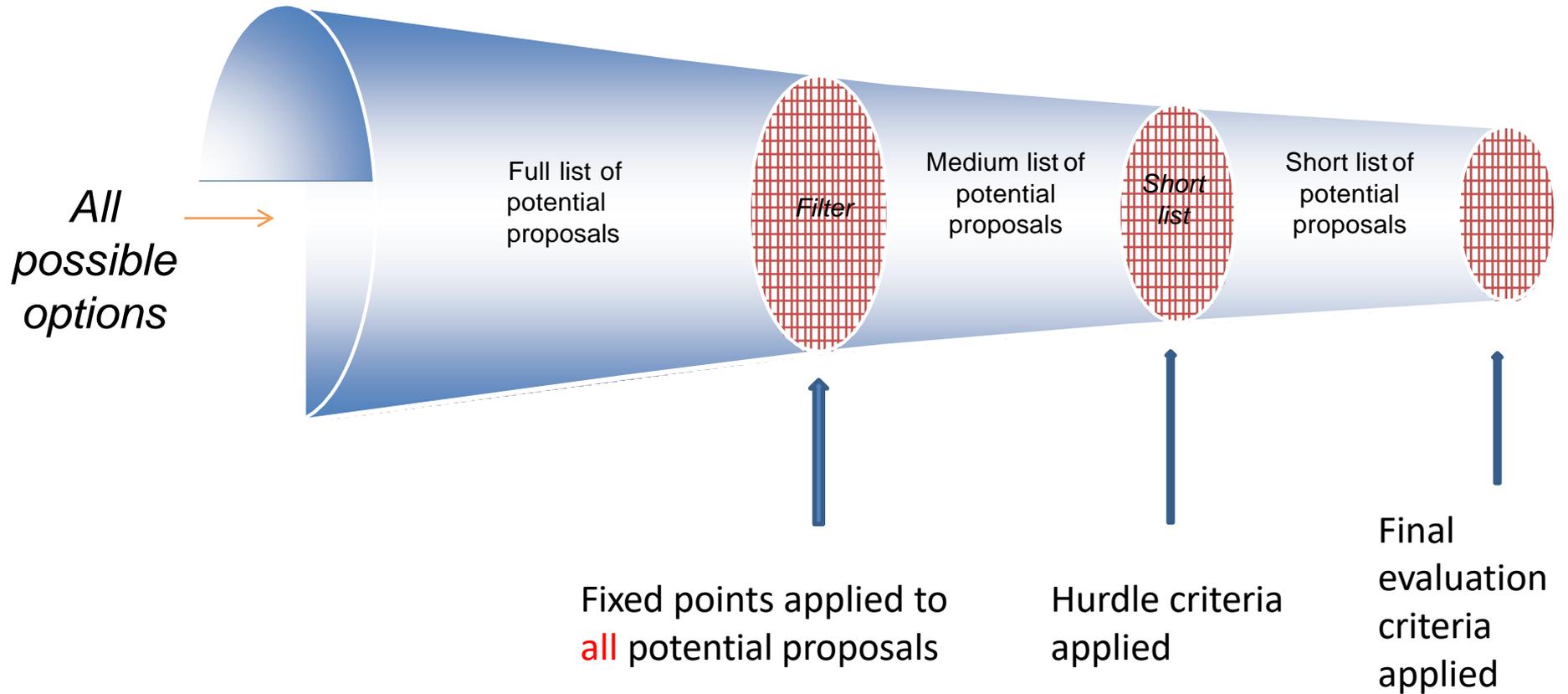


# Final evaluation

	Criteria	Sub-criteria	Description
1	Quality of care for all	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinical effectiveness</li> <li>Patient and carer experience</li> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved delivery against clinical and constitutional standards, access to skilled staff and specialist equipment, comparison of current clinical quality of sites</li> <li>Improved patient and carer experience (overall holistic/personalised care, respect and involvement in decisions and consistency) with excellent communication and improved estate</li> <li>Expected impact on excess mortality, serious untoward incidents</li> </ul>
2	Access to care for all	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distance and time to access services</li> <li>Service operating hours</li> <li>Patient choice</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Impact on population weighted average travel times (blue light, off-peak car, peak car, public transport) to reflect average impact for emergency and elective treatment and total impact for more isolated and/ or rural populations</li> <li>Ability of model to facilitate 7 day working and improved access to care out of hours</li> <li>No. of sites delivering emergency, obstetrics, elective, outpatients, diagnostics; no. of Trusts with major hospital sites</li> </ul>
3	Affordability and value for money	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capital cost to the system</li> <li>Transition costs</li> <li>Net present value</li> <li>Meet license conditions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capital requirement to achieve required capacity &amp; quality</li> <li>One off costs (excl. capital &amp; receipts) to implement changes</li> <li>Total value of each potential option incorporating future capital and revenue/cost implications and compared on like-for-like basis</li> <li>Meets regulatory requirements e.g. surpluses generated by each Foundation Trust</li> </ul>
4	Workforce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scale of impact</li> <li>Sustainability</li> <li>Impact on local workforce</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Potential impact on current staff and retraining required</li> <li>Likelihood to be sustainable from a workforce perspective, facilitating 7 day working and taking into account recruitment challenges and change in what work force does i.e. ability to ensure sufficient people with the right skills in the right places?</li> <li>Potential impact on staff attrition due to change</li> </ul>
5	Deliverability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Expected time to deliver</li> <li>Co-dependencies with other strategies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ease of delivering change within 3-5 years</li> <li>Alignment with other strategic changes (e.g. Better Together, national and local NHS strategies) and provides a flexible platform for the future</li> </ul>
6	Other (e.g., research and education)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disruption to education &amp; research</li> <li>Support current &amp; future education &amp; research delivery</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disruption to Research and Education</li> <li>Support for current and developing research and education delivery e.g. meeting college standards of training individuals and service specifications</li> </ul>



# How will the criteria be used?



# What happens then?

- Final proposals go to public consultation (possibly in two phases)
- Public consultation taken into account as part of the final decision process.



# Overview

